The achievements of cooperation of



with researchers and institutions in the UK

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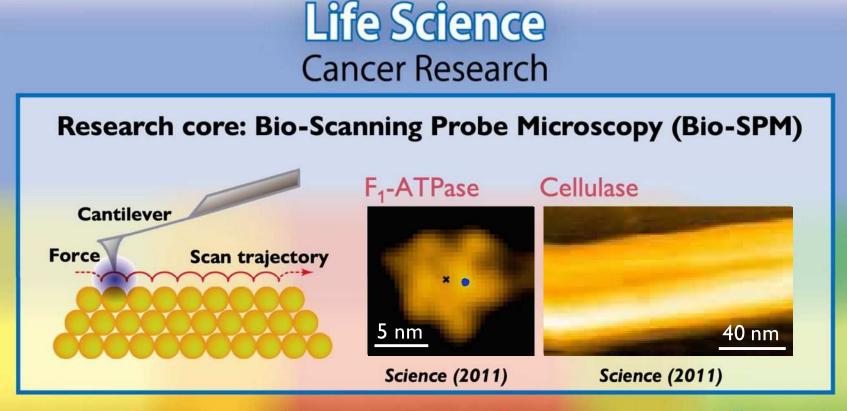




UK-Japan Higher Education Forum 8th December 2022

What is Nano Life Sciences Institute (WPI-NanoLSI)?

Inaugurated in 2017 as one of the research centres of the WPI Program, Japan's flagship research programme.



Computation Simulation

Nanometrology Bio-SPM **Chemistry**Supramolecule

Aim to obtain a fundamental understanding of the mechanisms of complex life phenomena such as disease, senescence, and the emergence of life.

What is Nano Life Sciences Institute (WPI-NanoLSI)?

Life Science



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Masanobu Oshima



Seiii Yano



Kunio Matsumoto



Rikinari Hanayama



Richard Wong



Miki Nakajima



Hanae Sato (Assoc. PI)



Satoshi Toda (Jr. PI)



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Computational Science



Adam S. Foster Aalto University (Overseas PI)



Carsten Beta University of Potsdam (Overseas PI)



Satoru Okuda (Jr. PI)

Computational **Nano Life Science**

Nanoprobe

Computational

Science

Simulation

Computation • Nanometrology •

Cancer Research

Life Science

Nanoprobe Life Science

Supramolecule Bio-SPM

Supramolecular Nanomedicine

Chemistry

Supramolecular Nanoprobe **Technology**

Supramolecular Chemistry



Shigehisa Akine



Tomoki Ogoshi

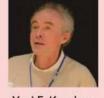
Nanometrology



Takeshi Fukuma



Norivuki Kodera



Key

contributor

Yuri E. Korchev Imperial College London (Overseas PI)



Kazuki Miyata



Clemens Franz (Jr. PI)



Toshio Ando Distinguished Professor of Kanazawa University



Satoshi Arai (Jr. PI)



Mark J. MacLachlan The University of British Columbia (Overseas PI)



Katsuhiro Maeda

Collaboration with ICL, with the Overseas PI as a Key Contributor

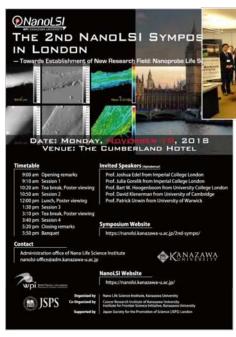




Imperial College London (Overseas PI)

~ 2021

Research findings fruition in 9 papers 2018



NanoLSI Symposium in London

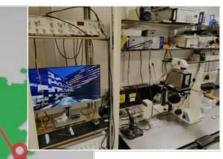




LT Int'l Joint research agreement











ICL Satellite Centre of NanoLSI



International brain circulation

Brain circulation through our unique outreach programmes



Open Facility Programs at NanoLSI

Opportunities to use world-class Biological Scanning Probe Microscopy Facility







Introduction

Researchers at Nano Life Science Institute (NanoLSI), Kanazawa University have engaged in the pioneering development of original Biological Scanning Probe Microscopy (Bio-SPM) technologies, such as high-resolution AFM (FM-AFM/3D-AFM), high-speed AFM, and scanning ion conductance microscope (SICM), and applied them to the life sciences. We are pleased to offer you opportunities to use our facilities for imaging your own biological samples or materials for biological research, and realize their potentials. Through the programs, we would like to foster research

collaborations and networks.

Bio-SPM Technologies Available



High-resolution AFM [FM-AFM & 3D-AFM]

FNAPM (Frequency-modulation Atomic Force Microscope) can visualize submanameter scale surface structures in solution. Combined with 3D econing technique, it can also visualize 3D distribution of hydrotron and flexible surface structures at solid-liquid interfaces. The imaging rate is spicially 1 min/fame. The spatial resolution is 0.3 mm in the latered direction and 0.01 mm in the vertical direction.



Scanning Ion Conductance Microscopy

SICM fies a unique measurement principle and provides unprecedented opportunity that enables submicroscale functional imaging of single live cells by a combination of nanoscale local stimulation and nonconstact topography imaging. The imaging rate of SICM is 30-300 ultimate. Spatial resolution of the instrument is 10 nm in the lateral direction and 5 nm in the writical direction.



High-speed AFM [HS-AFM]

HS AFM (High-speed Atomic Force Microscope) can stealbe moving objects in solution to temporal resolution is typically 100 min/hame, while the spatial resolution is 2:3 and in the lateral direction and 0.15 mm in the harrial direction. When it is applied to protein molecules in action, the acquired HS AFM images can provide a algolificant insight into how the molecules function.



AFM for Cell Measurement [HS-AFM & nanoendoscopy-AFM]

Based on high-speed APM or 3C-APM, NanoLSI is developing new APM sechnologies. For example, high-speed APM successfully visualized the surface structure of bacteria at a molecular scale, while a nanoendoscopy APM sechnicase developed on the basis of 3D-APM has succeeded in 3D observation of cell nucleus and actin fibers inside living cells, surface stiffness measurement of cell nucleus, and as on.



- For young researchers
- Hands-on style school
- 1 week in August every year

2018-2022

- 181 applications from 34 countries
- 73 participants from 15 countries

3 participants from the UK



Bio-SPM Collaborative Research



For Any researchers

This is a program for collaborative research with you and NanoLSI researcher using Bio-SPM.

Period of stay

Up to several months

Financial support

Up to 200K JPY for domestic applicants and 350K JPY for overseas applicants



- · For any researchers
- · Up to several months
- 3 calls per year

2018-2022

- 116 applications from 17 countries
- 110 projects from 15 countries adopted





Prof Bart Hoogenboom
University College London
(Biophysicist)

NanoLSI Visiting Fellows Program





For PIs or Independent researchers

A team of your group visits NanoLSI and works on a project with researchers at NanoLSI.

Period of stay

More than 1 month (e.g. sabbatical leave)

Financial support

Transportation fee, accommodation and daily allowance

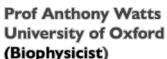
Not

Might be accompanied by up to two researchers, postdoc, etc. in his/her own lab.



For PIs More than 1 month e.g., sabbatical leave Anytime in a year









Panoramic view of the Kakuma Campus, Kanazawa University

Thank you for your kind attention.



